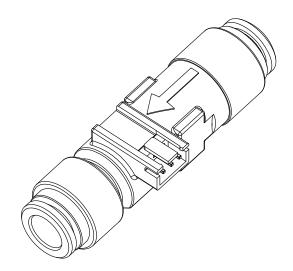
## DATA SHEET





## Nano Flex AVS Römer Ø8mm Part number: 9NF-1300/E01

Digmesa AG, Keltenstrasse 31, CH–2563 lpsach / Switzerland Phone +41 (32) 332 77 77, Fax +41 (32) 332 77 88 www.digmesa.com

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# General Description

The Nano Flex flow sensor is a general-purpose device. It is employed for measuring, regulating and metering liquid quantities and guarantees most accurate results. In addition, an integrated pulse generator ensures a practically unlimited service life.

### Materials (wetted)

Housing:	РР
Bearing :	PE-HD
Turbine:	PBT
Magnete:	Ceramic Sr Fe O (in contact with medium)

**Specific applications:** Straight flow path, compact design. Hose diameters from Ø8.0mm can be directly connected.

from 0.2  $\sim 200'$ 

at max.

 $+0^{\circ}$ C to

32°F to

20 bar a 290 psi / freely sel

Ø 3.0mn

Technical data: Linear range:

Temperature range:

Pressure ranae:

Mounting position: Nozzle size:

equipment

Measuring accuracy: +/- 2.0

\* Accuracy in the linear range for in

Durability:

#### Approvals / Standards

EN55014-1:00+A1:01+A2:02, EN61000-6-3:01+A11:04, IEC61000-6-3:06(ed.2.0), EN61000-3-2:06, IEC61000-3-2:05(ed.3.0), EN61000-3-3:95+A1:01+A2:05, IEC61000-3-3:94+A1:01+A2:05(cons.ed 1.2), EN55014-2:97+A1:01, EN61000-6-1:01, IEC61000-6-1:05(ed.2), LFGB (EU 1935 /2004, EU10/2011)

	Electrical connect	ectrical connection ratings:		
25 l/min	Power supply:	+2.8 to $+24$ VDC		
'000 liters flow (page 4)	Consumption:	<8 mA		
110w (puge 4) 0% *	Signal connection:	Open collector, NPN		
0% * 140°F	Signal voltage:	0 VDC GND (saturation <0.7 V)		
140 T at 20°C	Signal load:	max. 20 mA		
/68°F	Leakage current:	max. 10 µA		
lectable	Connection:	For 3-pin JST XHP-3 connector, 2.5mm pitch		
m	Signal:	Square-wave output		
ndividually calibrated	Duty Cycle:	~50%		





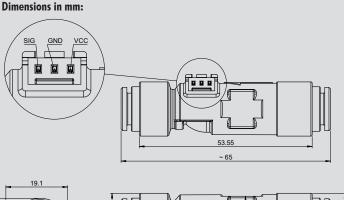
Drying and/or operating with compressed air destroys the flow sensor!

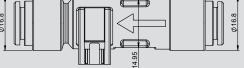
#### **Option:**

JST XHP-3 Plug (2.5mm pitch) 3pin with 300mm long cable and open wire. item number: 710-0063/01



We reserve the right to make modifications in the interests of technical progress.





### RESISTANCE

Special regulations which must be complied with by the flow sensor manufacturer apply to each country, e.g. CE, NSF, FDA and SK. The various media flowing through the flow sensor differ from application to application. You are advised to enquire with the medium manufacturer as to whether the entire installation and the flow sensor are resistant to the medium itself (see Material)!

## ELECTRONIC

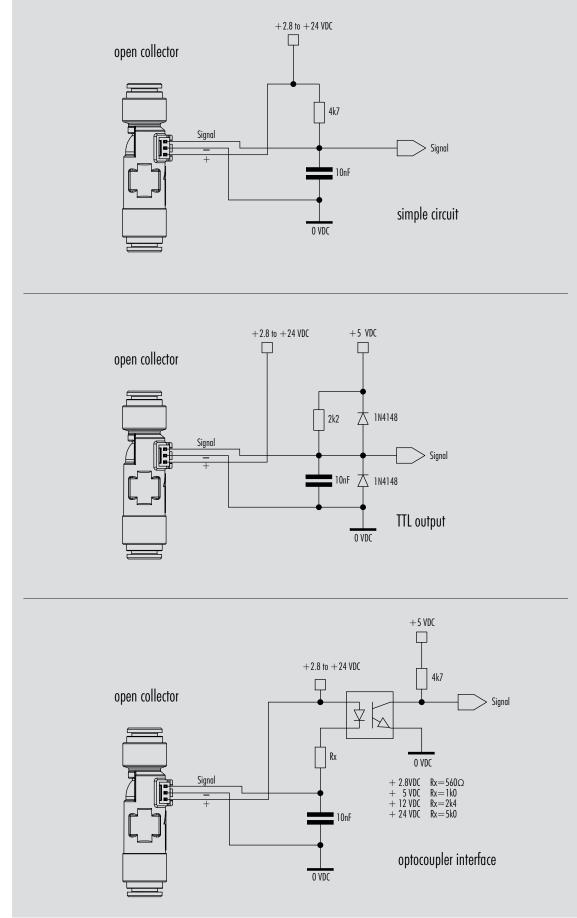
DIGMESA electronic circuitry is always designed for operation with DIGMESA flow sensors. Please note the following if connecting to other electronic circuitry:

• The flow sensor does not supply an output voltage but switches the signal terminal to 0 V ground (actuated) or leaves it open (nonactuated)

• There must be a pull-up resistor between power supply + and signal depending on electronic circuitry!

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# Interface Connection: Examples Open collector

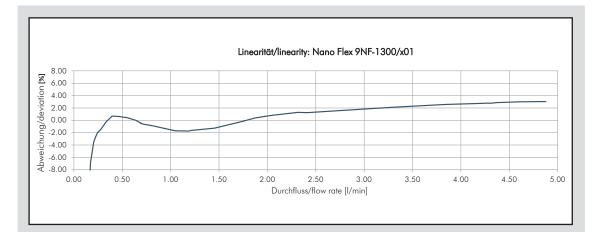


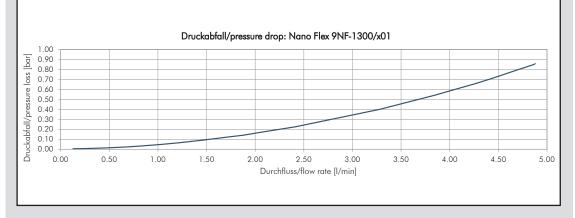
We reserve the right to make modifications in the interests of technical progress.

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# Measurement Curve Nano Flex Ø3.0mm





### Medium: Water / Pressure: 3.5 bar

Nozzle size	Pulses/ Litre	ml/pulse	min. flow rate [l/min]	max. flow rate [l/min]	Pulse frequency [Hz] min/max
Ø 3.0 mm	2'580	0.38	0.25	3.0	~10/129

The values specified must be considered as approximate values.

The number of pulses per litre may differ depending on medium and installation. We recommend to calibrate the number of pulses per litre in line with the complete installation.

## MEASUREMENT TIPS

- Ensure that there is no fast-pulsatory movement of the media
- Ensure that there are no reverse pressure surges
- Ensure that there is no air in the system
- Keep the pressure loss as small as possible
- Pay attention to the mounting position of the flow sensor
- Min/max flow should be in the linear range of the selected flow sensor
- Clean the system at appropriate intervals
- Avoid electrical voltage spikes
- Incorrect wiring of power supply +, signal and ground will destroy the flow sensor
- Do not load electrical contacts mechanically
- Avoid moisture on the electrical contacts
- Avoid stray pick-up via the cable (Do not lay cables in parallel with high current loads)

We reserve the right to make modifications in the interests of technical progress.

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